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TUESDAY MORNING,



MAY 23, 1917.

Liberty Under Law—Equal Rights—True Industrial Freedom  
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# VOLUNTEER YOUR SERVICES NOW, OR BE CONSCRIPTED.

## Wilson Demands Censorship; House Republicans Firm Against It.

### FINANCING REPUBLICS.

Wilson will Lend to Berlin.

Suspicion is that the Law's Subjects Establish a Democracy.

Special Grievance Against Germany, Explained by the President.

"Our Dollars" can help you easy for you to see! Just step before the glass, and fore you, style, quality,

Wilshires" styles of the hour, country.

the door of a business ever known! And the man with a smile—urance of business

the Dollars" can help you easy for you to see! Just step before the glass, and fore you, style, quality,

in Floor—Today)

Fair Treatment

ICH OWN

### WORLD'S NEWS IN TODAY'S TIMES.

Covering the Globe.

Foremost Events of Yesterday: (1) The Censorship. (2) The Draft. (3) McAdoo's Speech. (4) The Offensive. (5) Russia. (6) Ribot's Address. (7) Liberty Loan. (8) The Mooney Case.

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State Wear Host.  
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Stock Exchange.

Summary: City Hall, Courts.

#### SUMMARY.

WIND: Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m.; velocity 9 miles. Thermometer, 62 deg.; lowest, 59 deg. Forecast: Probably showers. For complete weather report, see page of Part I.

WATER: Ground was broken at the great yards of the Shipbuilding and Drydock Commission.

ASSOCIATION: Launched a campaign that will lead to an initiative in the Council, does not put bill out of the residence districts; now few at a Council meeting.

WEATHER: Forecasted its intention of sending North Island for many uses, and paying there.

WATER: Second time within a year now an attempt to make the a wealthy ranchwoman her.

WATER: Exchange completed all the Master Builders' Association, including all such organizations.

WATER: Commission approved by the Southern California and the Pacific Light Corporation.

CALIFORNIA: The situation to date: The Italians were stopped in their advance on the Trentino front.

A diminution in the intensity of the fighting on the Isonzo is reported.

TRENCH RAID AND ARTILLERY DUELS: The British are busy consolidating their gains on the Hindenburg line.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY DUELS: were reported in the vicinity of Vaucouleurs.

SIR HERCULES PLUMMETT: sees in Irish conference first really hopeful beginning of effort to solve home rule problem.

MEXICO: Mexico has made a protest at Germany's submarine warfare.

FOREIGN: Premier Ribot of France in an address in the Deputies called the army.

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Message.

UNITED STATES  
INSPIRES SLAVES.Spirit of Solidarity Cheers  
the New Democracy.More Favorable  
to War Prohibition.Anti-alcohol Amend-  
ment to Revenue Bill.Food Measure Gives  
President Wide Powers.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Foreign Minister Tereschenko of Russia, in a cable to the State Department today, gives assurance on behalf of the new ministry that Russian democracy is inspired with a spirit of solidarity with the United States, and, like America, is carrying on the war to secure the freedom of nations and lasting peace.

"By direction of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs," says the communication, "I hasten to say how highly the whole Russian democracy is inspired with the sentiment of full solidarity with the great republic which is true to its traditions of liberty, has espoused the cause of the coalition for the defense of justice and right."

"Like the United States, emanating from the same source, in any event in the present contest. The war is carried on to secure the freedom of nations and to achieve universal lasting peace, guaranteed against all later attacks."

"I am glad to find that those lofty principles which were so eloquently formulated in America are finding a warm, unanimous echo in Russia, now mistress of her destiny."

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STUDY MARRIAGE  
AND DIVORCE LAW.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.) WASHINGTON, May 22.—The proposed constitutional amendment to empower the Federal government to make a uniform law on marriage and divorce was the subject of a public hearing today before a subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Dr. Francis Moody of Chicago, secretary of the International Committee on Marriage and Divorce; Bishop Alfred Hesing of Washington, Mrs. E. G. Nelson Penfield of New York, Rev. Floyd Thompson of Philadelphia and Rabbi Abram Simon, were among those who urged favorable action by Congress.

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CHICAGO UNION  
HEADS INDICTEDAre Accused of Intimidating  
Moving-picture Men.Threats of Bombing Made if  
Victims Wouldn't Pay.Try Electrical Workers on  
Conspiracy Charges.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

YOSEMITE, May 22.—Threatening weather this morning impelled many members of the Times party to leave away the day in near camp, a few ventured on foot, however, to Nevada Falls and others made the motor trip, the ride of a thousand thrills to Artists and Inspiration points. There is the sublime and indescribable view from the last place that made the facile pen of gifted Tom Pritchard, tremble and almost refuse to perform its appointed task in its usual brilliant manner.

At the camp-fire social, given last night in honor of The Times party, Miss Agnes Lusk of Los Angeles was voted the most beautiful young lady in the house. Miss Estelle Jersusalem, the most graceful actress, and Marge James, likeable and attractive of figure, the best hiker, and Mrs. Alfred Brant, the most popular young matron. Col. Henry A. Cannon, formerly Mayor of Glendale, Tex., but now president of the Los Angeles and a courtly gentleman of the old school, was declared to be the most interesting conversationalist and Col. F. de K. Halstead, a criminalist of the same name, the best story teller. All are members of The Times party. The social lasted until midnight and was replete with merriment. A light rain which will close the roads and trails in splendid condition for hiking, fell this afternoon.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 22.—Chained to a fallen tree at the scene of his crime, Eli Persons, a negro who confessed he killed Antoinette Rappal, a young girl, three weeks ago, was burned to death today by a mob in the country about ten miles from Memphis. Afterward the head was severed from the body and placed on the roadside nearby, where it remained several hours.

The mother of the dead girl identified the negro, and in a short speech to the mob urged them to burn the slayer of her child. She refused, however, to apply the match.

Before he died, Persons repeated his former confession that he chopped the child's head off, and implicated two other negroes in the crime, declaring one of them had struck the first blow which stunned the girl.

Mr. O'Brien told the jury that it would be the duty of the mob to burn the negro. The remainder of the defendants, went to the plant of the Actina Powder Works in Willow Springs shortly after the strike was declared and stole 1000 pounds of dynamite and 1000 pounds of guncotton. Part of the explosive was used to dynamite manholes and poles owned by the company, it was declared. The remainder was recovered by police and will be introduced in evidence if Judge Pam will allow the explosive to be brought into his court.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 22.—Chained to a fallen tree at the scene of his crime, Eli Persons, a negro, ten miles from Memphis, was sentenced to death by a special court of the Executive Committee of the Boston branch of the National Equal Rights League tonight. Referring to the mob that intended to lynch two negroes, he said:

"We call upon you as the head of the Federal government to make an effort to stop the outbreak of the civil war. The government either must deal in necessities; or take over of factories for government operation, to prevent proper distribution of fair prices.

The President to prevent the conduct of the mob or to control their operations in the public interest.

MANUFACTURE.—The President to prevent the monopoly or concentration of monopoly profits, or the government either manufacturing or dealing in necessities; or taking over of factories for government operation, to prevent proper distribution of fair prices.

RENT.—The President to prevent the fixing of minimum prices by the producer to stimulate the import duties, or to establish their value.

LICENSING OF MANUFACTURE.—The licensing of manufacturers of necessities, man or iniquitous distribution; or the President to order distribution of hoarded stocks.

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DEFENSE COUNCILS.—WILL CO-OPERATE.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, May 22.—All State Councils of Defense are urged in a letter sent today by the Council of National Defense, through Director Gifford to co-operate heartily in making the army registration day, June 5, a day of consecration to service in accordance with the spirit of President Wilson's message to the country.

The national council suggests that the day be celebrated in serious spirit, not as an ordinary holiday, and that costly and elaborate decorations be avoided. The community is asked to make its celebration a public expression of willingness to give the services of its sons to the country.

TO WITHDRAW OLD  
SIX-INCH SHELLS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.) WASHINGTON, May 22.—A report of Rear-Admiral Earle, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance on premature explosion of shells on armed American liners St. Louis, St. Paul and Mongolia, made public tonight by Secretary Daniels, shows that the bureau has reached the conclusion that six-inch shells made in 1915 and not to be trusted and that all such ordnance has been withdrawn from both naval and merchant ships.

The report does not take up the accident on the Mongolia, which resulted in the death of 100 Chinese sailors en route to Europe. The investigating board in that case, however, completed its work. Preliminary statements have attested to the fact that an unexploded shell of a powder retainer cap, which struck the water in a peculiar manner, was deflected back aboard the vessel at a point nearly 200 feet from the gun.

(BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

CHICAGO BUREAU OF THE TIMES, May 22.—Evidence presented to the grand jury in the last two days against nine union-labor men resulted in indictments being voted against them today. It is charged they tried to "shake down" motion-picture theater owners. Several other labor officials escaped indictment because the statute of limitations in their cases expired.

The men against whom evidence was presented and against whom trial bills were voted are:

William Rooney, recently acquitted before Judge Barrett in a criminal court on a charge of murdering William Cooney in a labor shooting in Hod Carriers' Hall and recently arrested in connection with the L. A. Stein &amp; Co. pay roll robbery.

James Gorman, formerly business agent for Locals No. 118 and 157 of the Motion Picture Operators' Union.

Jack Miller, former business agent for Local No. 110 and now owner of a motion-picture theater on the West Side.

Henry Guzenberger, said to be a former camp-fire social, given last night in honor of The Times party.

Frank Guzenberger, his brother, Edwin A. Woodard, business agent for Local 134 of the Electrical Workers' Union.

C. C. Clegg, formerly business agent for Local 157.

William Finstad, also a former business agent for Local 157.

Patrick King, alias Kano, said to be a "slugger" for Local 157.

HIRE BY INDENTURE.

The men indicted, all members of the Picture Operators' Union.

Mr. Hoynes declares this to be a fake organization. The blackmail agents said to have organized the gang, he said, had been operating for nearly three years. Secretary Daniels has decided to bring him to Washington, where he probably will be assigned to work in the State Department. He has been selected, it is expected it will be either Charles M. Hathaway, Jr., now at Hull, or Homer M. Byington, at Leeds.

Conrad, who has gathered information on a majority of the shipping outrages, which formed the basis on which this government finally made its declaration of war.

FREIGHT CAR SHORTAGE.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, May 22.—A bill designed to extend the Interstate Commerce Commission power to deal with the freight car shortage situation was passed today by the Senate without debate. It provides that the commission may prescribe the service rules for those of the railroads.

The bill goes to conference with the House, which has passed a similar measure.

SORE EYES, GRANULATED EYELIDS.

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A number of statements and documents were read to the jury by Assistant United States Attorney James C. O'Brien made his opening statement today to the jury before the trial of the CIO strike leaders, where seven members of the local of the Electrical Workers' Union are on trial on charges of conspiracy. The defendants were employees of the Aetna Powder Works in Willow Springs shortly after the strike was declared and stole 1000 pounds of dynamite and 1000 pounds of guncotton. Part of the explosive was used to dynamite manholes and poles owned by the company, it was declared. The remainder was recovered by police and will be introduced in evidence if Judge Pam will allow the explosive to be brought into his court.

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Assistant United States Attorney James C. O'Brien made his opening statement today to the jury before the trial of the CIO strike leaders, where seven members of the local of the Electrical Workers' Union are on trial on charges of conspiracy. The defendants were employees of the Aetna Powder Works in Willow Springs shortly after the strike was declared and stole 1000 pounds of dynamite and 1000 pounds of guncotton. Part of the



## Pacific Slope

RELY ON ALIBI  
IN BOMB CASE

Mrs. Mooney's Attorneys Give  
Inkling of Defense.

Claims She was Mile Away at  
Time of Explosion.

Fixed Opinions Act as Bar  
Many Talesmen.

BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—Mrs. Mooney's defense in her trial for murder, which started here yesterday, will be that she was about a mile away from the place where a bomb exploded July 23, 1916, killing ten persons. This was announced in court here today by her counsel, in the course of an examination of talesmen which lasted all day. At nightfall four jurors had been sworn. The State had no four of its ten peremptory challenges, so the defense used four of its ten. Judge Emmett Seaville, who questioned the sworn-in jurors, read newspaper accounts of the trial and anonymous letters.

First question to the jury was the innocence of the defendant and many talesmen in the course of the day. Under the California law, man is eligible to jury service if he is a voter and can disregard his opinion he may have and give a verdict on the evidence.

BROWN IS PREJUDICED

Simon Brown, a retired sailor, who used to live in Sacramento, was not sure.

“Did you want to write your name? What would it be?” asked Judge Emmett Seaville, who frequently took a hand, to expedite proceedings.

“John Brown,” said Brown promptly.

The court excused him.

C. E. Todd, an accountant who believed the bomb was planted on the sidewalk, was not excused because he was not sure about this was a vital point. It is the contention that the bomb was thrown from a roof. Todd was excused by peremptory challenges by the defense.

John C. Burton, a mule driver in the army, was excused after his plan that military necessity demands him constantly.

John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, was excused on showing that the organization had contributed funds to the defense. Twelve other veterans were excused on the same ground and opposition to the death penalty.

## A MARRIAGE.

Lieut. Mayo Marries Miss Dorothy

Thompson at Bay City.

[BY DIRECT WIRE—EXCELSIOR POLICE]

SAN FRANCISCO, BUREAU OF THE TIMES, May 22.—The military note that invariably adds a distinctive charm to a wedding was interpreted in an unusual way this afternoon, when, in Mill Valley, the bride of Miss Dorothy Thompson, now becomes the bride of Lieut. George Mayo, United States Army.

While the decorations at the church were more like other weddings, patriotic and freedom-loving, the bride's home of doors at the bride's level.

Lieut. Mayo and Mrs. Mayo are en route to their new home in El Paso, where they expect to be stationed for some months.

Lieut. Mayo is the son of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, and Mrs. Mayo. He has many friends in the city, where he passed the greater part of last year, after receiving orders to go to Mexico. He has since been stationed in El Paso.

## SOLDIER GUARDS

FIRE ON BOATMAN

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE]

OAKLAND, May 22.—Guarding the plant of the Union Dry Works on Oakland estuary fired a man who was endeavoring to drift in a rowboat close to the plant, becoming known today as the rowboat investigation of the row of bullets that flew close to the ear of a watchman on the pier at the wharf on this side of the estuary Friday night.

According to the report made by the officer in charge of the guard, the man was observed a short distance within a short distance he stopped, which was drifting toward the pier. When he refused to return to the pier, several shots were fired. The man rowed to safety and sought the Oakland water front, failing to discover any trace of him.

## JEROME MINERS TO CALL STRIKE SOON

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE]

JEROME, (Ariz.) May 22.—Calling of a strike at the United Verde mine and smelter here, voted by the local miners' union, was postponed today until Thursday night.

From morning last night, however, Wednesday to enforce demands of a checking system and a grievance committee. A large increase of 20 cents was demanded.

Members of the Verde Mine Operators' Association, who they did not expect the strike to be serious. Union leaders said the voted \$4 to 25 for a strike. They also voted a secret poll of 427 for a strike of 768 miners.

Union leaders claimed the strike would spread rapidly to other mines.

GOETHALS WANTS DATA

[BY A. P. DAY WIRE]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—George Goethals, secretary of the Maritime Ray District Council, has more than 1,000 shipwrights, caulkers, joiners and other builders, will leave for Washington tomorrow, in answer to a request from Goethals to furnish shipping boards and shipping facilities on the coast.

He will furnish data concerning port

and shipping facilities on the coast.



# Liberty Loan Plan

## To Negotiate Liberty Bonds at \$102

1. It makes it easier for the government to sell the Liberty Bonds.
2. It enables the purchaser of the Liberty Bonds to advantageously use them in securing the necessities and comforts of life.
3. It fortifies, expands and develops American business.

For example—You want a seven-passenger Cole Touring Car, Price \$1795 at the factory, Indianapolis.

If you possess seventeen \$100 and one \$50 Liberty Bonds, we will give you \$1785 in merchandise for them. You only pay us the difference of \$10 cash and get the car.

Or, if you have a second-hand car, let us say worth \$775, our dealer will take the car and ten \$100 Liberty Bonds and give you a new \$1795 Cole seven-passenger touring car.

In fact, all the various types of purchases and trades are included in this plan. The only difference being you use your Liberty Bonds just as you would cash.

You can make partial payment in Liberty Bonds for a Cole car, but it is to your advantage to invest the entire Cole list price in Liberty Bonds first, then buy your Cole car with the bonds.

No doubt you intend buying these bonds—probably have done so already.

The Cole plan helps you to do your bit—a great big bit, too—for your government and not inconvenience yourself. Instead, you actually save money by buying the bonds and using them.

If at a later date you want to redeem the bonds with which you purchased a Cole car we will return them to you.

Secretary of Treasury William G. McAdoo is touring the country, making public appeals.

Help him in this crisis!

If he could talk to you personally you would not hesitate—because there is not a shadow of a reason

### Why you should not buy Liberty Bonds.

This money will be spent by our government in our own country for the purchase of materials and supplies required for the proper conduct of the war.

You do not assume a single risk in buying Liberty Bonds—but you do help avoid innumerable risks and dangers to yourself and others. There never was a time when you could put your money to better use.

And now the Cole Liberty Loan plan makes it simpler and easier for you to do your duty.

Even though the bonds have not yet been issued, you can negotiate the Cole Liberty Loan plan at once, as follows:

Go to your banker, give him your orders for the number of bonds you want and he will give you a receipt. Bring this receipt to us—it is as good as cash—and we will accept it on the basis of \$102 as whole or partial payment on a Cole car.

This Cole Liberty Loan plan is heartily endorsed by New York bankers, both as a practical advantage and a worthy undertaking.

Enough of flag waving and mere talk. Let us get down to business.

We suggest that all motor car manufacturers adopt this Cole plan.

We suggest that all merchants, no matter what the nature of their business, adopt it.

We suggest that all bankers recommend this Cole Liberty plan to business men in their communities—large and small.

But, above all, our government needs action—today.

Your investment in Liberty Bonds is worth more than a flag in your buttonhole!

Go to the nearest Cole dealer at once and get full information.

J. J. COLE, President.

A. F. KNOBLOCH, Gen. Mgr.

Cole Motor Car Company, Indianapolis, U. S. A.

Irving Motor Car Co.

842-46 South Olive St., Los Angeles

Distributors for Cole Eight

Main 2191



Seven-Passenger Cole Eight  
Touring Car ..... \$1795.00

Cole Eight Tuxedo  
Roadster ..... \$1795.00

Four-Passenger Cole  
Springfield Tourer ..... \$2295.00

Seven-Passenger, Four  
Door Touredan ..... \$2495.00

Prices F.O.B. Factory.

Subject to change without notice.

## Foremost Events in Field of Sports; Baseball, Bowling, Tennis, Golf, Fishing, Hunting, South of T

## CLIFFDWELLERS SMITE LINCOLN.

Something Terrible Seems to Have Occurred.

Blue and White Men Score Sixteen Times.

Boiler Factory Adds Much to the Occasion.

BY KAY OWE.

In the shadow of a galvanized iron pipe factory, Los Angeles High School defeated Lincoln in baseball yesterday. A large fleet of electric riveters were going full tilt on some tank steel tanks and the resulting noise drowned all efforts of the

## WHY NOT SETTLE IT?

Now that Los Angeles and Polytechnic High schools are tied for the city baseball championship, there is a popular demand for some sort of a play-off. Students, coaches, players and all interested enthusiasts are strongly in favor of a settlement. There is only one snag—faculty objection. Let 'em play.

blowers. It was like a moving-picture ball game; you could see the players' and rooters' lips move, but you couldn't hear anything.

At the conclusion of the battle the umpire announced the score 16 to 2 in favor of the Cliffdwellers, but no one heard him. Most of the spectators will learn the final score for the first time when they read their morning papers. This was the only scoring yesterday that they couldn't keep track of it and there was so much noise that they couldn't be told.

The Lincoln aggregation claimed that the noise was responsible for their defeat. They said that they have been out among the power hills of North Broadway, the terrific clatter of the pipe factory completely demoralized them. The L. A. experts

on the other hand, inured to the racket of city life, were quite at home and played considerably over their heads.

All considerations aside, however, the trimming administered by the Cliffdwellers was very decisively.

The locals started out by sizzling a fast start over the state and calling it good for the first inning. Then Lincoln retaliated by putting a brace of scores across. This was an excellent beginning, but, sad to say, it was also the end. The Lincoln team did no more scoring throughout the game.

L. A. High continued its deadly scoring, however, as follows:

SCORE BY INNINGS.

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THE CITY  
AND ENVIRONS.

For New Mexico Folk.

A meeting of the New Mexico State Society will be held tomorrow evening in The Times Assembly Hall. **Poultry Breeders to Meet.**

A. C. Goodacre will discuss the origin and development of the Orpington at a meeting of the Poultry Showmen of America tomorrow evening in The Times Assembly Hall. **On Bond Proposal.**

Assistant City Engineer Knowlton will speak on the proposed sewer bonds at a meeting of the City Planning Association at noon today at the Young Women's Christian Association.

Fence Loan Data.

Anyone interested in the Federal Farm Loan Board can secure data regarding its workings at Democratic headquarters, 219 Douglas Building.

Letter Carriers' Memorial.

Angel City branch of the National Association of Letter Carriers will hold its annual Memorial Service at St. Vibiana's Cathedral, Second and Main streets, next Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Memorial Services.

Services in memory of the deceased members of Keweenaw Post, No. 240, G. E. & Woman's Relief Corps, No. 22 will be held at 2 p.m. tomorrow in L.O.P. Hall, corner of North Broadway and Workman street.

For Anapolis.

Secretary Tyrman of the Federal Civil Service Commission will hold an examination for midshipmen to enter the Naval Academy at Annapolis tomorrow. The applicants are members of the Senate Phelan and Johnson.

To Have Guest Show.

The California Milk Goat Association will hold its first annual exhibit in Pasadena Saturday, opposite the City Hall. Samples of goat milk, cheese and butter will be distributed free to the public.

On Eminent Domain.

Pete Findley, a local writer, will speak before the Commercial Club of Los Angeles this noon.

Hotel Clark. He has taken as his subject, "Eminent Domain in Distribution." P. B. Mcroskey will preside at the noonday meeting, and doors for fifty will be laid.

To Honor War.

The Church of the People will celebrate Wait Whitman's birthday at Blanchard Hall, next Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock. Reynolds E. Blight will speak on "Whitman, America's Greatest Patriot." A special programme of patriotic music will be rendered.

Patriotic Picnic.

The May Day festival of Berkeley Hall School, No. 2211 Fourth avenue, has been postponed until Friday at 10 o'clock a.m. It was to have been held last Friday, then it was postponed until today, and now it has been set over till the 28th inst. In the hope the weather will be sunny then.

Their Annual Congress.

Commissioner Thomas Estill, Salvation Army commander for the Western States will conduct the annual meeting of Southern California Saturday and Sunday at No. 127 Wilmington street, assisted by Col. G. Gauett, territorial secretary, who has recently arrived from Switzerland. General Gauett, Harry C. Lee, provincial officers for California and Nevada, and about sixty staff and field officers.

Red Cross Activities.

The Red Cross yesterday issued a call for more members for St. Vincent's branch. Names for classes are to be given to Captain James McComb, No. 1887 Grand avenue, Chinatown, Saturday and Sunday at 10 a.m. 28th inst., all day in Ryman Grove. There will be addresses by the officers of the Pasadena, Long Beach, Santa Barbara and Riverside societies; a patriotic address and patriotic songs.

The programme will be given about 3 o'clock, following the barbecue dinner. The county registrars will be on hand to distribute the county headquarters. The New Jersey people will be holding their picnic at the same time and Robert Taylor will preside. Coffee will be provided for all who buy the State badge.

Picnic Plans Completed.

William H. Fuller, president of the New York State Society, has had final plans arranged for the State picnic, which will be held on the 28th inst., all day in Ryman Grove. There will be addresses by the officers of the Pasadena, Long Beach, Santa Barbara and Riverside societies; a patriotic address and patriotic songs.

The programme will be given about 3 o'clock, following the barbecue dinner. The county registrars will be on hand to distribute the county headquarters. The New Jersey people will be holding their picnic at the same time and Robert Taylor will preside. Coffee will be provided for all who buy the State badge.

No Harm Done.

**BREWERY GUESTS  
ONLY CAUTIONED.**

**POLICEMEN ARE WARNED NOT  
TO REPEAT LUNCHEON.**

Chief Butler Informs Board No. 22. Serious Misconduct had been observed at Feast to Newly-appointed Captain, and Inquiry is Closed.

Chief Butler, Capt. Home and every police officer present at the recent luncheon in honor of the newly-appointed detective captain reported to the Police Commission yesterday. Some question was raised as to the propriety of officers having dined in the beefsteak room of the Maier Brewery Company.

A thorough investigation was made by Chief Butler. In his statement to the commission, he wrote that the police force was in service suffering from curtailment of field operatives by the withdrawal of a number of men from duty. There was no serious misconduct or action on the part of the department which calls for consideration of your commission."

That there was a question of propriety, he admitted. This was based on the fact that the luncheon was held in a department of a brewery; that some of the men attended while they should have been on duty, although they would have had the privilege of a lunch hour; that some of the men drank beer with their meal.

Major Woodman and other commissioners agreed that for the time being, the men should be allowed to eat at the luncheon, but that serious consequences might be anticipated in the event of a recurrence of such an affair.

The Great War.  
RAID TRENCHES  
DURING LULL.

Artillery Duels Continue on  
the Fighting Fronts.

Italian Advance is Stopped,  
Says Vienna Report.

Germans Claim Attacks of  
British are Repulsed.

Following is the Associated Press resume of the war dispatches for the last twenty-four hours:

Although on both the British and French fronts the period of virtual inaction continues, with trench-raiding operations by the British and artillery duels of violence between the French and Germans, it is not expected that these conditions will long prevail.

The offensive of the British on the Arras front cannot be deemed to have ended until Field Marshal Hindenburg's orders have thrown their strength against the 200,000 of the Hindenburg line still held by the Germans west of Bucourt and straightened out their line for the battle that is to come against the Drocourt-Cancre line on which the Germans are placing dependence to ward off an advance by their enemies eastward.

On the right, the British busily engaged in consolidating the gains they had made along the Hindenburg line, and with these completed the expectation that another great battle will be in full sway.

AGAIN SHELL RAIDERS.

The Germans, too, engaged with the French in violent artillery duels in the regions of Vauclerc, the California plateau and east of Chevres. The British, too, are again to throw numerous shells into the already-devastated town of Rethma.

A noticeable diminution in the intensity of the fighting along the Drocourt-Cancre line is the indication that the Germans are placing dependence to ward off an advance by their enemies eastward.

At the Italian front, the Italians are advancing, but were halted by the Austrians. On the Trentino front, to the west, the Austrians are keeping up their heavy bombardments and infantry attacks, while the military authorities in Rome are making attempts to divert the attention of the Italians from their offensive along the Isonzo. According to Rome, all attacks in this region have been repulsed.

In none of the other theaters has any engagement of special importance taken place.

THE PARIS COMMUNIQUE.  
(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

PARIS, May 22, 10:40 p.m.—The official statement issued by the War Office tonight reads:

"The artillery action took on during the course of the day a character of great violence in the region of the Vauclerc and California plateau and east of Chevres.

"The Germans yesterday and today submitted Rethma to a very powerful bombardment.

"Our pilots brought down two German captive balloons, which fell in flames."

Belgian communication:

"Last night was marked by the usual grenade fighting in the sectors of Drocourt-Cancre and Chevres.

The artillery was particularly active in the sector of Ramicapelle-Pervye. Today the German batteries directed their fire against the sectors of Vauclerc and California plateau and auxiliary sectors.

"The Germans yesterday and today submitted Rethma to a very powerful bombardment.

"Our pilots brought down two German captive balloons, which fell in flames."

A BRITISH RAID.

"Last night was marked by the usual grenade fighting in the sectors of Drocourt-Cancre and Chevres.

The artillery was particularly active in the sector of Ramicapelle-Pervye. Today the German batteries directed their fire against the sectors of Vauclerc and California plateau and auxiliary sectors.

"The Germans yesterday and today submitted Rethma to a very powerful bombardment.

"Our pilots brought down two German captive balloons, which fell in flames."

AN ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.

LONDON, May 22, 9:07 p.m.—"Our train successfully made the enormous trip from Paris to Vermelles at noon today," says the War Office statement tonight. "On the rest of the front there was nothing of special interest to report. One German balloon was shot down in the sector of the front fighting yesterday, and another hostile machine was driven down out of control. One of our airplanes is missing."

GERMAN REPORTS.

BERLIN (via London) May 22, 10:10 p.m.—The official communication issued this evening, says there is nothing of importance to report on any of the fronts.

At 4:30 p.m. the repulse of British attacks near Bucourt and Croisilles and British and French attacks near Nauroy is reported in today's official statement, which reads:

"In the press section near Loos, on the front and on the front south of the Scarpe, the artillery was active throughout the day. The British failed in several strong attacks in the morning at Bucourt and later at Croisilles.

The British, too, are again to throw numerous shells into the already-devastated town of Rethma.

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The British, too, are again to throw numerous shells into the already-devastated town of Rethma.

AN ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.

ROME, May 22 (via London) 4:55 p.m.—A lull occurred yesterday on the Italian front, no further infantry action being undertaken. Austrian attacks came of Gorizia and at several points in the Trentino front were repulsed, the War Office announced today.

There was a question of propriety, he admitted. This was based on the fact that the luncheon was held in a department of a brewery; that some of the men attended while they should have been on duty, although they would have had the privilege of a lunch hour; that some of the men drank beer with their meal.

Major Woodman and other commissioners agreed that for the time being, the men should be allowed to eat at the luncheon, but that serious consequences might be anticipated in the event of a recurrence of such an affair.

Have the best. Stockel pictures.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.  
(Advertising.)

For quick action drop answers to Times "liners" in Times liner boxes in downtown office buildings. The locations of the boxes are printed in the first column of the Times "liner" page.

The Times Branch Office, No. 619 South Spring street. Advertisements and subscriptions taken. Telephones Main 2800, 19391.

Have the best. Stockel pictures.

The Exclusive Specialty House for Feminine Apparel.

. . . . . Quality, Lowest Prices

## Myer Siegel &amp; Co.

443-445-447 South Broadway

## Corsets on Sale

Heretofore \$3.50 to \$10.00

Choice at \$1.85, \$3.85, \$5.85

Some of the best makes are included in this assortment and all sizes among them.

## Brassieres on Sale

Heretofore \$1.00 to \$5.00

Choice at 65c, \$1.85 &amp; \$3.85

(Corset Section, 3rd floor)

Silk Petticoats  
Special at \$3.95

Included in this assortment are guimpes, vestees, collars, and collar and cuff sets in Rajahs, Georgettes and voiles. All white or in latest sport colors. Special prices begin at 50c.

(Neckwear Section, Main floor)

Garments of Style, Quality, Lowest Prices

The Exclusive Specialty House for Feminine Apparel.

. . . . . Quality, Lowest Prices

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1917.—PART II: 10 PAGES.

POPULATION | By the Federal Census (1910)—PA 100,000,000.

XXVII<sup>th</sup> YEAR

Tremendous.

## GROUND IS BROKEN FOR GREAT NEW SHIPYARD.

Officers of New Company are Named; Keels to be Laid This Summer.

Work has started yesterday on the mammoth ship yards of the Los Angeles Ship Building and Dry Dock Company at the new plant, which is the largest and most important ever built in the harbor district, will be completed as rapidly as possible. It is in the earliest possible stage of construction, and the first large vessels contracted for by the United States Shipping Board Emergency Corporation, which, under the direction of Mai-Gen. George Barron, president of the Security

LODGE NOTICE

South Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M. will confer the Second Degree on Saturday, June 10, 1917, at 7 P.M. at the Hotel Plaza, Los Angeles. The officers and committee will occupy the chairs. Master of the Lodge: W. B. MEYER. Secy: W. H. KELLY. Hon. Secy: F. H. WHITE.

For Flag.

### PROHIBITIONISTS ALSO PATRIOTS

#### SPIRIT OF LOYALTY PERVADING WOMEN WORKERS

Women's Christian Temperance Union Convention Opened to Large Attendance—Six States and One Territory Dry Since Past Year, Shown by Report

Every white ribbon a protest patriot," is the slogan of the thirty-fifth annual convention of Women's Christian Temperance Union of Southern California, meeting at the First Methodist Episcopal Church. The sessions will continue until Friday evening. Representatives from many parts of State are in attendance.

Yesterday morning was devoted to reports from others and the business of the convention. The day was an all day affair, and the activities of the day included the launching of a new American flag from the chief feature of the program.

The report of the correspondence section showed 5339 members Southern California. Mrs. M. L. Law, president of the Los Angeles Federation of Unitarians, and members of the city, and Mrs. E. H. Irvine of Riverside, president of the Southern California Union, presented her annual address.

Many interesting details of the accomplished during the past months.

"Since we last met," said speaker, "six states, one territory and the District of Columbia have adopted prohibition. Out of 50 states, 44 are now in the dry column."

Not Remembered.

### WOMAN ATTACKS WILL OF SISTER

#### TESTAMENT OF MRS. C. CLAFFY CALLED INVALID

Complaint Declares Brother Whose Death was Followed by His Husband's Arrest, Broke Influence of Others and was of Sound Mind.

An attack on the will of

McCarthy Claffy, whose death June 1916, led to the arrest of his husband, Thomas Claffy, and his confinement by the Coroner's inquest, was started yesterday by Mrs. Jenny M. Kenny.

Opposition to the protest will is based on the ground that she is the sound mind of the time she executed the document, and that the will had been dominated by Isidore H. Dorn, who controlled by Isidore H. Dorn.

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n Co.

## SOCIETY.

Annual Sale of  
Hats at \$2.45These hats will be sold for  
in to infer what their former  
in this assortment of hats  
hats, as well as  
tailored effects. There  
desirable colors for wear at  
the year. A large variety  
hats too are included in this  
at . . . . . \$2.45

Every section, third floor—

Regular Prices  
in the house. Decorations  
we will carry no longer.  
ing. They are finished in\$ 9.50  
\$11.50  
\$13.50  
\$15.00Shade. Here's an oppor-  
tunity for regular prices. There  
with silk and gold fringes.\$15.00  
\$13.50  
\$ 5.00  
\$10.00  
\$17.50  
\$ 9.00

and Gift Section, 4th Floor

Negligees \$9.95

nts that you've seen in a  
fine quality crepe-de-chine.  
sh color. Most tastefully  
and shadow laces. Some  
ers on the Empire styles.  
at we've had the identical  
o. For this Sale . . . \$9.95.  
ird floor—

## Wearers—Amusements—Entertainments

WORLD'S GREATEST STOCK COMPANY—

MOROSCO Not a War Play

FAIR AHEAD OF ANYTHING EVER DONE IN LOS ANGELES

## WITHIN THE LAW

DIRECTORIAL DECLARATION IT THE GREATEST PLAY IN LOS ANGELES:  
C. W. LAWRENCE, THEATRICAL MANAGER AND PRODUCER, HAS UNDERTAKEN  
A WAY AND ABOVEBOARD THE BEST "WITHIN THE LAW."Hailed David Tribune—A great big triumph. The most completely satis-  
factory play we have seen. Great heights and is constantly gripping.

Next Week—"COMMON CLAY."

MUSICAL—A GREAT, BIG, BEAUTIFUL MUSICAL SHOW

THE HIGH COST  
OF LOVING

WITH A CHORUS OF PEACHES

TICKETS 25c, 50c, \$1.00. First show \$1.50. Matin. 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

BURBANK—VAUDEVILLE—PHOTOPLAYS—

TICKETS 10c

THE BEST OF VAUDEVILLE

TICKETS 10c

THE SECRET KINGDOM

THE FORGOTTEN KING

TICKETS 10c

TICKETS 1

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.**  
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**Los Angeles Times**  
EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR.  
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**TREND OF THE FINANCIAL NEWS.**

CHIEF EVENTS OF YESTERDAY.  
(At Home.) For the first day in week's sales on the New York Stock Exchange exceeded one million shares. The active and broader market, with trading covering a wider scope, was attributed to several factors, chief among them the growing popularity of the liberty war loan and the action of the Supreme Court in postponing for a year renewing of arguments in pending "trust" suits. Bonds were irregular and lacking in special features.

**THE CHARITY-GAG GAME.**

When one reads that a tourist or a newly-arrived emigrant has been despoiled of thousands of dollars by the "charity-gag" game one wonders how it came that such an incomparable and far-reaching game ever became possessed of thousands of dollars.

**BREAKING THE RECORD.**  
Beef has mounted to \$1 a pound in Paris. If the cow doesn't actually jump over the moon before the war is over she will at least get high enough to inspire the man in the moon with the desire to start a dairy farm.

**CHANGE OF DIET.**  
The Nebuchadnezzar League recently organized in Berlin to substitute clover for potatoes as a table luxury shall prove a success, will photographs be printed of William Hohenzollern and Mr. Holling and Prince Radetzky in the act of munching alfalfa, or will "Minself uit Gott" continue to assimilate tenderloin steaks and asparagus and broiled chicken?

**INCREASED COST.**  
In so far as an increased cost of the necessities and comforts of life is the result of an increased cost of their production and distribution, such increased cost is accepted without complaint by consumers. But when such increased cost is occasioned by unlawful combination and indiscriminate rapacity, consumers have a right to express their righteous wrath against food speculators.

**HOME RULE?**  
David Lloyd George announced to the House of Commons that the government will call a convention of Irishmen to frame a constitution for the Emerald Isle and, if Irishmen are able to agree upon any scheme for the administration of their country, will immediately attempt to enact it into legislation. The whole problem of home rule for Ireland seems to lie in that phrase, "If Irishmen are able to agree."

**VERY MUCH AWAKE.**  
Southern members of Congress killed the proposed war tax of \$2.50 a bale upon raw cotton. These southern members of the House are generally supposed to sleep in their seats during most of the debates that take place, but when the word cotton is mentioned they suddenly become very wide awake and an avalanche of oratory descends upon the heads of an unsuspecting body of dignified lawmakers.

**THE WHIRL WIND.**  
A newspaper account of the conviction of an intoxicated truck driver who injured a man and left him lying in the road says, "The accident occurred on the San Fernando road." A more definite phrase should have been employed. When a man fires his blood and muddles his mind and nerves with liquor and then takes hold of a steering wheel the tragic consequence of his folly should not be called "accident," but "crime."

**CONSCRIPTING STRIKERS.**  
The copper miners employed by the United Verde Company of Jerome, Arizona demanded an increase of pay of 50 cents per day, and the company promptly granted the request. Then they demanded that the company should retain in its employment no men who were not members of the union, and the company respectfully declined to allow the union to select its workmen, and the members of the union voted to strike.

The conscription law exempts miners who are engaged in mining copper ore, is a miner who is out on a strike "engaged in producing copper ore" or "engaged in anything but raising hell?" Is he not liable to conscription? And if so, and should he be drafted, will he welcome \$25 a month in place of \$4 a day? And will he think that his vindication of the sacred right of labor to compel predatory capital to obey its orders will compensate him for the difference in pay?

**PLANT SOMETHING.**  
The proprietors of the large lumber mills in Louisiana have adopted a practical and patriotic plan of aiding food preparation. They have agreed to give their employees one to two days each week to cultivate home gardens. They will not only save the men their regular wages while engaged in this work, but each mill will employ a farm demonstrator to instruct the workers in the best methods of growing vegetables and corn.

In a few weeks it will be too late to plant for grain and root vegetable crops in the New England and Northwestern States, but The Times invites the attention of its readers to the fact that planting can continue on this coast until autumn and in Southern California practically during the entire year. Everybody who has a vacant lot can put something into the ground, and if his employer will not give him a day off each week, well, under all the circumstances, God will forgive him if he fractures the Fourth Commandment occasionally.

**THE YET GREATER WAR.**  
The House of Hohenzollern has completed the first chapter in its dream of empire and would now welcome an armistice in order that it might consolidate the new territory and prepare for the greater struggle for world dominion of which the present war was planned only as a preliminary contest.

No territorial expansion and no indemnities—that is the basis on which Germany is said to seek to negotiate a present truce. The Hohenzollerns feel that they have accomplished the object sought in the first phase of their titanic plan, that of uniting in a political and economic union all the nations in that vast territory extending from the River Rhine through the Dardanelles to the Persian Gulf. This includes the federation of Germany, Bulgaria, Austria and Turkey. A slice of Serbia is to be added, sufficient to clear the imperial highway through Europe and Asia. Europe would be left in twain and the stage would be set for the final act in a drama of world conquest that almost dwarfs human imagination.

Recent diplomatic disclosures tend to prove that Germany did not enter the present war with the expectation of gaining additional territory adjacent to her western frontier, but for the purpose of effecting an economic union which it was impossible to form in time of peace. Prussia plotted to unite the Central Powers against a common enemy and to keep them united after hostilities should cease. The end sought is a greater Germany, just as Germany is a greater Prussia.

But the war has taken a turn not anticipated by the House of Hohenzollern. The democracies of the earth are not content to play the part of the anvil on which Prussia shall hammer out its new autocracy. The onslaught of the Hun and the Turk has been accepted as the challenge of imperialism to democracy, and it is on this terrain that the world war is now waging.

That the United States should be fighting with the forces of democracy in the present struggle is to be expected. The one thing truly remarkable would be for us to keep out of it. Regardless of time and space, it is by ideas that men and nations are united and divided. In a struggle between liberty and intolerance, the greatest republic of the ages would cut but a sorry figure, skulking in its tent. The specific overt act that caused the United States to align itself with the Allies is of but secondary importance; what really matters is that we are in the fight and that, having once entered, it behoves us to so conduct ourselves that despotism will never again presume to challenge democracy to the supreme test.

We must not imagine, however, that victory will be easily won. Imperialism has not existed since the building of the pyramids to be vanquished in a single campaign. The Turk and the Hun are formidable antagonists. It is no holiday excursion on which our troops are about to embark. We must be prepared for losses in a single campaign that will outnumber all those who have fallen in all the former wars of our republic. We must be prepared to meet those losses without flinching. Millions may fall; other millions must be trained and ready to fill the depleted ranks. For at least three summers, we are told, the Rhine and the Elbe may run red with the blood of American martyrs to the cause of liberty and equality. Our debt to France will be nobly repaid before war's alarms shall cease. In the veins of English and German alike flows Anglo-Saxon blood. The division is that of nations, not of races. The Turk represents a mingling of the best and the worst of the human species. No race is more temperate or more steadfast in its purpose. When the roots of democracy once become imbedded firmly in the Prussian and Ottoman mold, the result will be a plant of hardy growth; but in that foreign soil the tree of liberty will only flourish after it has been watered with blood.

Both the Turk and the Hun feel that they are fighting for the faith and the ideals of their fathers and they will die hard. There are martyrs to the cause of error as well as to that of truth. But they are fighting a losing struggle. New humanizing forces are at work. In the era of human enlightenment, now passing through so bloody a dawn, there is no place for imperialism and intolerance; they must pass as passed from the physical world the hemlock and the mastodon. We will win because Fate is fighting with us; because the march of the infinite cannot be impeded by a human barrier. Napoleon led to Waterloo an intrepid force as ever followed a flag; but he lost because he was fighting against destiny. When the victory of democracy is finally achieved in the present struggle some will doubtless attribute it to an error of strategy on the part of Hindenburg; others will lay it to the senility of the old House of Hapsburg; perhaps an Ottoman Grouchy will fall in the supreme moment. But the eclipses of the Central Powers is an immutable as the movement of the planets. It is so written in the stars.

Bewildered by the kaleidoscope of events, the American people as a whole do not yet fully realize the weight of the burden which destiny has thrust upon our shoulders. In the development of the human race privileged generations are called upon to make heroic sacrifices. The generation of today is one of these. Five million families must send forth their favorite sons, their best beloved, offered as so many sacrifices on the altars of liberty and equality. That unseen force, emanating from the infinite, which we call chance or fate, for want of a more distinctive name, will decide which shall be taken and which shall be left. The flower of the young manhood of the nation will wither in the chilling frost of death. For every bloody corpse lying before the ramparts of Potsdam and beneath the guns of Berlin there will be a bleeding heart at home. Tears of the widow and the orphan will fall in a deluge. The wall of the afflicted will rise like the voice of the tempest; but we shall still fight on. Clouds of smoke and vapor, rising from a hundred battlefields, will conceal from human sight the stars of liberty and equality shining in the celestial firmament, and the faint-hearted will murmur that their light is extinguished. But we shall still fight on. In the end the clouds will pass and the stars will remain.

Despite its almost superhuman efforts, the House of Hohenzollern will not be able to evade the unswerving verdict of history



**Sign Here!**

**BILL THE BURGLAR.**

BY EUGENE BROWN.

"You look bored, Bill," remarked I to my old friend, the burglar, as I met him yesterday as he was emerging from a dairy lunch room.

"If you had a board bill like mine you'd be bored too," retorted Bill. "I'm afraid to go home. I have to get in after the rest of the folks are asleep."

"Well, that hadn't ought to bother a gentleman in your line," returned I. "But I thought you worked nights."

"That's what they all think," replied the burglar, testily.

"Why don't you go to a lumber yard for your board?" interrupted I.

"That's the first joke I ever heard and I never rotted them," answered the burglar. "But I didn't find a lumber yard there would be a board bill for Bill's board, just the same."

"I thought you were a friend of mine," remarked I.

"I am; but that's another matter," returned the burglar.

The question involved is one of the morale of the United States army. In any consideration given the subject, it must be borne in mind that there are many kinds of minds—men who are sent to jail for grave crimes such as murder, arson, burglary and robbery, and others whose offenses are of lesser degree while bordering on a similar character like aggravated assault, battery, and pocket picking.

Then there is another gradation in crime, taking in embezzlement, forgery, simple assault and battery, wife desertion and vagrancy. There are offenses—horse stealing is one—that are visited sometimes in rural districts with severe penalties yet are not in themselves so heinous as to require ostracism and protracted segregation.

In all of these offenses, serious and minor, the past character and reputation of the prisoner must be given grave weight, together with his former environment and his reputation for upright living.

New has furnished a noteworthy example of a young stock broker, ruined

out of the exchange and ostracized

by his fellows, whose distinguished courage on the battlefields in France has regained for him his seat in the exchange and restoration to his social standing. The British army, during the past two years, has had several conspicuous instances of commanding officers dismissed in disgrace who enlisted as privates and, because of signal services at the front, have won condonation of their offense and reinstatement as privates and gentlemen.

If convicts are to be pardoned or paroled for military service, a serious study should be made of the history applying to every case.

"That's what they are all say, and think it's funny," retorted the burglar savagely.

"But I don't see where the laugh comes in. They think that all

Jimmy and I have to do is to make a noise like a question mark and the stuff will fall into our jeans."

"The other night I broke into a swell shack on the west side and I thought I was going to have a fine bushing. While I was looking for the silver guy near seven feet high comes in the room and covers me with a shotgun."

"My, but you're getting bright," interrupted I. "And if you try it again I'll tear your limb from limb."

"As long as you don't get my lumber regions I should worry," retorted the burglar.

"My, but you're getting bright," interrupted I. "And if you try it again I'll tear your limb from limb."

"How about the Mayor?" persisted I.

"I dunno," replied the burglar.

"He can't do it by himself. Anyhow, a Woodward is more than half board to start with."

"That isn't a joke; that's a bark," interrupted I. "And if you try it again I'll tear your limb from limb."

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### LOCAL DIOCESE PLACED IN VAN.

Woman's Auxiliary Leads in Raising Triennial Fund.

Annual Meeting a Feature of Episcopal Convention.

Dean Tells of Mission Work Among the Filipinos.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Episcopal Diocese of Los Angeles was the feature of yesterday's session of the twenty-second annual diocesan convention. Reports of officers were read and there were several interesting addresses.

The reports showed marked activities of the women in behalf of the church, and that the triennial united offering fund will be increased by \$4000 through the contributions of the auxiliary—a larger sum than ever before given by the diocese in the United States. Last year this fund was used in aid of the woman's work in foreign missions.

The reports also showed the women have raised \$6800 for outside missions and \$4000 for special work, while boxes of clothing and supplies valued at \$15,000 have been gathered.

Rev. Dr. W. H. G. Smith, the new Mission for work in the upper Alaskan fields. More than \$1000 has been expended in other lines of work during the year.

In the afternoon Very Rev. M. Bartholomew, who for ten years was dean of the Cathedral of Manila, spoke of "The Work of the Episcopal Church in Civilizing Philippines." He told of the desire of the church not to interfere in the districts where the Roman Church has its work established.

The largest structure of the church will be the summer home of the "laying-out" building, 600x100 feet in size and two stories high. The main machine shops will be 400x100 feet, and the dormitory shop 300x100 feet. The office building will cover a ground area of 200x100 feet, a general warehouse 250x100 feet, a machine shop 300x75 feet and air compressor and electrical shop 150x100 feet and a pipe shop 200x100 feet. There will also be a wharf 800 feet long by sixty feet wide equipped with "sheep" lugs and other lifting machinery. One of the modern features of the yards will be a complete aerial tramway system.

Bishop Johnson spoke of the tremendous calls on the church for religious, social and educational work. Rev. Charles T. Murphy, rector of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, Covina, whose remarks concerning the Roman Catholic mission are in relation to Episcopal Sunday-school work caused considerable sensation on the first day of the convention, had time to speak to the Times to explain his position. His remarks:

"The difficulty of securing scout leaders from the laity of the Episcopal church has caused some of the clergy to undertake this work themselves. For the church does not provide scout squads for the boys of the Sunday-school are sometimes drafted individually away from their own groups of friends and their home towns with the disipline of the school. The undersigned most emphatically disclaims any criticisms upon the fine-hearted gentlemen of other denominations, either clergy or laity, who so generously allow Episcopal boys to receive the advantage of their leadership in scout work where their own congregation does not supply it."

The next step in the construction of the ultimate plant after the first is completed will be with the building of an enormous 15,000-ton dry dock 750 feet long by ninety feet wide. This will have a place in the channel near the future ship's second unit. Complete plans for this unit have not yet been worked out.

Each of the eight ships contracted for the United States Shipping Board will be 450x100 feet in length, with a fifty-six-foot beam. Each will be of all-steel construction and cost in excess of \$1,000,000. A few weeks will see the first four for trial and the last four being laid.

By the terms of the company's agreement with the board, the first and second ships are to be delivered in April of next year, the third and fourth ships in July, the fifth and sixth in September and the seventh and eighth in October.

Mr. Baker disclosed last night that the company would have no work at the plant by July and that this number would be increased to 3000 by the time the work on the first four ships is in full blast.

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## Business Page: Money, Stocks and Bonds—Grain—Mines—Financial Market Abroad

## Stocks and Bonds.

WALL STREET LOOKS UP;  
HAS MILLION-SHARE DAY.

Growing Popularity of the Liberty War Loan and Favorable Portents Seen in Decision of Supreme Court to Postpone Reargument in "Trust" Suit Cause Trading to Expand and Cover Wider Range of Issues.

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

**N**EW YORK, May 22.—Indisposition marked the early course of an active and broad-based market yesterday, but this condition was almost wholly rectified in the final hour, when United States Steel led the general list to new maximums for the current movement. Trading covered a wider scope, taking in to a greater extent than recently the rails, metals, oils and specialties. Wall street professed to see favorable portents in the decision of the United States Supreme Court which postponed reargument of an "impending trust" suit for a year. The growing popularity of the Liberty war loan was another encouraging influence. United States Steel's steady advance of 1% points to the new record of 127% put that stock within 2% points of its own record. Absorption of the market by the new issues of fresh vitalized it to the market after an intermediate period of lassitude. All the copper and allied shares were up by 2 to 3 points, and a large accumulation of gains in this group ran from 1 to 2 points. Utah, Inspiration and American Smelting were in the market. The increase in oil took in virtually every issue of that description. Texas Company registered a great gain of 2% points, and the market was up by 2 to 3 points. California Petroleum preferred advanced from 1 to almost 2 points, cotton made further gains from last week's setback, and high-priced specialties and utilities were again featured by industrial stocks. Oil stocks were in the market, rising 1 to 2 points at their best. All classes of rails were included in the 1 to 2 points advance. Gold advanced 100 cents, and silver was irregular, and lacking in special features. Total sales, per value, \$2,670,000; United States bonds were unchanged, but coupon as fall in per cent. on sales.

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## ALL BUILDING FORCES NOW UNDER ONE HEAD.

Local Exchange Rounds Out Quarter-century of Highly Progressive Construction Work by Absorbing Master Builders' Organization, a Crowning Achievement Made Necessary by the City's Growth.

FOUNDING out an even quarter of a century of useful service in this community, the Builders' Exchange of Los Angeles yesterday accepted into its membership a score of firms and individuals formerly identified with the Master Builders' Association, thereby completing the absorption of that body and bringing all the building crafts and making all the building crafts organizations of the city under one head.

The event was the final and crowning move in the work of reorganization begun by the exchange a year ago.

The former members of the Master Builders who have now united forces with the Builders' Exchange include some of the strongest concerns in the building field in Los Angeles and add many new members of the old-time organization.

Those voted into the exchange yesterday were the C. J. Kubacki Company, J. V. McNeil, Leonard & Peck, Los Angeles, Film Mill Company, Erick Land, Houghtaling Anderson, the Walter Stater Company, the Martin Company, J. A. Crook, J. P. Atkinson, Weymouth Crowell, Fred C. Coryell, Western Blind and Screen Company, Acme White Lead and Paint Company, James Miles & Sons, the National Lead Company of California and the Atlas Roof Company.

A little more than a month ago, on April 19, the exchange formally adopted a new constitution which a committee representative of the former organization had had working for practically a year. At the same time the annual election of officers and directors took place, the directorate being based on a new plan of having one representative of each craft on the board.

The consideration of the Master Builders with the exchange, therefore, marked the last step in the movement for organizing the building interests of Los Angeles on a substantial working basis.

### OUTGROW ITS QUARTERS.

The Builders' Exchange was organized in 1904, 13 years ago, incorporated under the laws of California. It has been in continuous operation ever since, having occupied quarters in the Stimson Building at Third and Spring streets for the past twenty years. The organization has grown so rapidly that it now occupies the entire south half of the top floor of the building. Including the new members taken in yesterday, the exchange now boasts a membership of close to 300.

The reorganization just completed was made possible by the great growth of the building business in Los Angeles. Under the old organization and constitution the body had become unwieldy and its work of looking after the interests of the building and material men had become difficult.

The drafting of a new constitution to cover changed conditions and the perfection of a new plan of individual representation on the board of directors for the various crafts followed.

Following are the names that now have representatives on the exchange directorate: Brick and mason contractors, brick and burned clay products manufacturers and dealers, builders' hardware association, concrete masons, concrete contractors, roofing contractors, coriolite and sheet metal contractors, electric and gas fixture manufacturers and dealers, electrical contractors, glass dealers, general contractors, hard wood flooring contractors, heating contractors, lime and cement, plaster, metal and tile manufacturers, lumber dealers, lumber dealers' association, marble and tile manufacturers, dealers and contractors, metal ceiling contractors, ornamental iron, structural, palisade and reinforcing steel contractors, palm and glass manufacturers and dealers, painting contractors, paper dealers, plumbing and steam fitters, contractors, safes, vaults and iron door dealers; sand, gravel, grading and excavating contractors; asphalt and mill dealers; sewer pipe manufacturers; stone and brick manufacturers; waterproofing dealers, wood and metal lath contractors and building specialty dealers. Brokers handling building insurance and bonding matters are also represented.

### HARMONY A MOTTO.

The Builders' Exchange always has stood in harmony between capital and labor in all lines of building operations and has played a most important part in keeping Los Angeles free from building trades troubles such as have hampered development in many other cities. The spirit of even-ness of fairness to labor at all times. The exchange always has refused to accept dictation from walking delegates, but at the same time has been impartial in its attitude toward union and non-union men. It has stood for co-operation upon the part of employers and employees for the mutual benefit of each, as well as of the public, and has so enjoyed the respect of both capital and labor that its good offices in arbitration have been sought almost every time state or national construction circles in this city.

The exchange is also performing a service of inestimable value to the public by constantly striving to uphold standards of building.

It has fought for years to rid the city of the fly-by-night type of contractor, who bids work lower than it can possibly be done for, makes a start on a building and then flees with his money. It has been able to collect, leaving the owner and various subcontractors and material men to hold the sack.

One of its principal objects is to weed out and expose outlaws of the building trades.

Officers of the exchange are: J. H. Bean, president;

## The Public Service.

### At the City Hall. TERMINAL INDORSED BY REALTY BOARD.

### SALT LAKE PROJECT FINE FOR LOS ANGELES.

Urge Granting of Any Reasonable Franchises in Order to Enable the Railway Company to Rush Work on the Immense Freight Buildings.

The City Council yesterday received a communication from the Los Angeles Realty Board endorsing the Salt Lake Railroad freight terminal project. The officers of the board suggested that the public do everything possible to assist in hurrying the plan to completion.

ATTENTION was directed to the wonderful good the additional terminal facilities would do for the business prosperity of the city. The general sentiment of the Council concurred in the resolutions of the board.

The site of the proposed terminal is located on the corner of Alameda and Between Eighth and Hunter streets. The communication of the board was received with thanks and filed.

### CONDAMNATION SUITS. FOR SILVER LAKE DRIVE.

The City Attorney and the City Engineers were instructed by Council yesterday to start condemnation proceedings for land needed to open Silver Lake Park drive between Exeter Street and Radford Street in the Linda Vista tract. This short section of land is needed to complete a considerable portion of the drive.

### AT THE COURTHOUSE.

### NEW ACTION WILL NAME OTHER WOMAN.

### JUDGE SUGGESTS REMAKING OF DIVORCE COMPLAINT.

WOMAN ASKS DECREE ON CRUELTY  
CHARGE BECAUSE SHE SAYS HUSBAND  
MADE HER SING IN CHURCH.  
CHANCE MENTION OF ALLEGED  
LUTHHERAN TENDENCIES INTERESTS COURT.

ATTORNEY H. L. Myers was instructed by Judge Taft yesterday to incorporate in the amended complaint of Mrs. Lenore Johnston allegations involving the other woman incidentally mentioned in the distraught wife's divorce action.

Mrs. Johnston testified that Jack Johnston forced her to sing in a cabaret to swell their earnings and that only good doing when she had a nervous breakdown threatened.

Asked what was the direct cause of their separation, she replied that it was a quarrel over a woman.

She still is sick, her lawyer says.

Mr. Nickum is prepared to fight the case.

### BARRETT TRIAL SET.

### ALLEGED SLAYER ARRAIGNED ON CHARGE OF INSANITY.

Benton L. Barrett was arraigned in Superior Judge McCormick's court yesterday on a charge of insanity, and his trial set for June 21.

In case Barrett is found sane by the jury, the District Attorney plans to charge him with the murder of Raymond Wright, his victim.

Barrett was recently tried and acquitted of the murder of his wife, Irene Barrett. He was represented in court yesterday by Attorneys Ona Morton and Arthur Collings.

### BONDS AWARDED.

The Board of Supervisors yesterday awarded to Torrance, Marshall and the city of Los Angeles \$10,000 of the Hyde Park School District on their bid at par. The bid was accepted on the recommendation of the trustees of the school district.

### ALL LINES ENBRACED.

Rudolph Liebold, Listwala & Gough, Llewellyn Iron Works, Los Angeles Art Glass Company, Los Angeles Electric Company, Los Angeles Cement Company, Los Angeles Electric Supply Company, Los Angeles Fireproof Door Company, Los Angeles Lime Company, Los Angeles Precision Brick Company, Los Angeles Rock and Gravel Company, Los Angeles Wire Works, G. C. Lawson, Leppert & Laikey, Georges E. Lewis, Maine Corners Works, O. Malone, Maritz-Kuns, Frank R. May, R. W. McEvily, John M. McEvily, R. Maritz, Montgomery-Mullen Lumber Company, W. E. Morrow, Musto Sons & Kannan, Co., Paul McAbee, William McArthur, McGlynn-Ray, George G. McLean, John McLean, Kensi, J. L. McClain, National Concrete Works, National Hardwood Company, Otto Neisser, N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company, John T. Newell, Newberry Electric Company, Northern Electric Manufacturing Company, Dan T. O'Brien, J. J. O'Connor, F. O'Desmar Company, Gus Odeman, Oriental Stucco Company, Oro Grande Lime Company, Owen Radiant Insulation Company, Pacific Ornamental Iron Works, Pacific Sash and Door Company, E. L. Palamountain, Panama Pacific International Iron Works, Panner & Hamilton, H. C. Peeler, Fredrik Bros., Pico Heights Lumber Company, Pioneer Paper Company, Pioneer Paper & Roof Co., O. E. Polins, J. E. Poley, Fred E. Potts, Pozos Construction Company and Joseph Proter.

H. Raphael Company, T. O. Reese, A. P. Relphing & Son, Joseph Risk, J. H. Schleicher, General Portland Cement Company, T. T. Reisch, Royal Manufacturing Company, Juan Pedro Lumber Company, Con Scherer, Herman C. Schmidt, Sue Anne Schler, Stanley Sears, Schultz Lumber Company, William Smith, Southern California Hardwood and Manufacturing Company, Southwestern Portland Cement Company, Standard Pipe Company, M. Stepan, S. P. Stepan, Stepan, M. Stepan, Stepan & Baldwin, Talbert & Ashton, Taylor Bros., Tibbets-Oldfield Paint Company, Tondre & Lindgren T. F. Turner, T. H. Turner Company, United Corners, W. C. Union Pipe Works, Union Lime Company, U. S. Metal Products Company, Wagner-Woodruff Company, Warren-Bailey Manufacturing Company, Washington Fireproofing Company, W. A. Price, James Watt, Edward Waymon, Weaver Roofing Company, George Weissenbach, Edward West, Western Light and Fixture Company, Western Rock and Glass Company, F. M. Wheeler, J. E. Wilson, J. A. Wilson, E. T. Wood Lumber Company, Woodstone Marble and Tile Company, Thomas A. Wagner, Fard & Hichborn, M. N. Yerberg and M. R. Zarubics.

### BRIEFLY MENTIONED.

DAMAGE SUIT. Florence L. Krebs asked \$5000 damages in a suit filed yesterday against the Illinois Electric Company for injuries

### WON'T LOSE POSITIONS.

Every employee of the Universal Film Manufacturing Company who has enlisted was yesterday handed the following letter, signed by President Carl Laemmle:

"SUIT OVER CHEESE.  
"The following is the understanding between the Universal Film Manufacturing Company and any of its employees who are called to the colors, namely, that their positions will be open to them when they return from the service of the government. I am glad of this opportunity to express my deep appreciation of your loyalty to the flag, and assure you we will be only too happy to reinstate you in your present position and at the same salary when you are at liberty to return to resume your present duties."

HER NEW HOME. While Hazel and Samuel De Sues are awaiting the outcome of their divorce suit, their daughter, Hazelene De Sues, 5 years old, will have a new home with Mrs. Rose McDonald, a friend of the wife. This was decided on by Judge Jackson. Mr. De Sues claims that his wife is not a proper person to have a child of this age. She is the mother of a little girl. She does not like the idea of Hazelene being with her.

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